The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VII.—NO. 995.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., MONDAY, JULY 21, 1862. [$6 PER ANNUM.

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

OFFICE.....NO. 16 TRYON STREET.
Over China Hall, on the second floor.

TERMS FOR PAPER:

☞ THE DAILY BULLETIN will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE.

☞ THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and supplied for $4 00 per annum, payable in advance.

BY TELEGRAPH.

From the West.

Telegraphed expressly for the Bulletin.]

RICHMOND, July 17.

Northern papers of the 15th inst. contain dispatches from Nashville which report that a fight had taken place at Murfreesboro,' and that the Confederates were victorious. Two Yankee regiments had surrendered, and Gen. Crittenden, of Indiana, was captured. Col. Duffield (Federal) was mortally wounded.

There is great excitement in Nashville. The Confederates, six thousand strong, are reported to be marching on Nashville.

In New York gold was quoted at 116½, and sterling exchange at 129. The news from Tennessee has had a depressing effect on the stock market.

SECOND DISPATCH.

RICHMOND, July 17.

The Petersburg Express has a special dispatch from Knoxville announcing the capture of Murfreesboro,' Tenn., by Col. Forest's cavalry on Sunday last.

The New York Herald of the 14th has been received. It says that Murfreesboro' was captured by three thousand rebel cavalry under Forrest, on the 13th instant. The ninth Michigan regiment, Col. Parkhurst, and Brigadier General Crittenden, and Col. Duffield, of Indiana, were taken prisoners. Many other officers were taken prisoners.

There is great consternation in Nashville. The Federals say that they well shell the city if they are compelled to evacuate it.

Morgan was only nine miles from Frankfort, Ky., on Sunday morning. There is great alarm among the Yankees in Kentucky.

Later From the West.

Telegraphed expressly for the Bulletin.]

MOBILE, July 19.

A special dispatch to the Mobile *Tribune*, dated Grenada 18th inst says:

"Information has been received from Jeff Thompson, this morning, that Curtis crossed the Mississippi River yesterday with 4,000 men, to a point opposite Helena, and it supposed that the rest of his command had followed by this time.

Reported Brilliant Little Affair in Mississippi.

AUGUSTA, July 17.

The Jackson Mississippian of the 12th learns from a private letter that a brilliant little affair came off at Tupeloon the 4th inst. 7000 Yankees attacked the Confederates and fought with great fury for a while, but wore finally routed and took to their heels, with a loss of 200 killed, and 500 wounded and taken prisoners. Our loss was 20 killed and 30 wounded.

Later from Tennessee.

Advance of the Rebels upon Nashville—The Fight at Murfreesboro'—Heavy Yankee Loss—Surrender of two Regiments—Great Excitement in Kentucky.

The New York *Tribune* of Tuesday, July 15th, one day later than our Northern dates given yesterday, contains the following additional from Tennessee:—*Petersburg Express.*

NASHVILLE, July 14.

The Unionists lost $30,000 worth of army stores at Murfreesboro'.

The Union forces engaged were the 3d Minnesota, Colonel Leslie, 800 men; six companies of the 9th Michigan, Colonel Parkhurst, 300; the 3d battalion of the 7th Pennsylvania cavalry, 225; Hewitt's battery, 60 men, convalescents; the 4th Kentucky, 25. In all about 1,400 men.

The Rebel force consisted of one regiment of mounted infantry, a regiment of Texan Rangers, and Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee cavalry—between three and four thousand, mostly armed with carbines and shot guns.

Their loss in killed and wounded is heavier than ours. The Pennsylvania 7th lost, in killed, wounded and missing, 400 men. The only officers escaped, as far as reported, are Captain J. F. Andrus, of company G, Capt. C. C. McCormick, and Lieut. H. D. Mooney.

The commissary and quartermaster's departments were recently replenished with new clothing, &c., all of which have fallen into the hands of the enemy.

The Rebel Governor, Isham G. Harris, and Andrew Ewing, active Secessionists here, were known to be at Boersleiha Springs, near Sparta, a few days since, organizing the raid on Murfreesboro', which may, it is apprehended, be extended to the capitol of the State.

The public are still in a great state of excitement, many families having left. The Louisville cars were crowded this morning with alarmed cotton speculators and adventurers.

It is also reported that the Rebels have taken Loroque, fifteen miles from Nashville, and that Kirby Smith is advancing on Nashville, from Chattanooga, with fifteen thousand men.

Murfreesboro' was barricaded by bales of hay, and the Unionists set fire to many houses.

Col. Lester is falling back toward Nashville.

Union reinforcements are coming in by special trains. The 79th Highlanders have just arrived. They were cheered as they passed through the streets.

The city is in a great state of excitement. The Secessionists confidently expect the arrival of the Rebel forces some time to-night. Batteries have been placed on Capitol Hill and other points.

Col. Leslie surrendered at Murfreesboro' at 4 o'clock p. m., the Minnesota 3d and Hewitt's battery included, the latter for want of ammunition.

11th Michigan, which surrendered at Murfreesboro'.

NASHVILLE, July 14.

Three members of Hewitt's battery, who escaped from Murfreesboro', report that their battery, and the 3d Minnesota surrendered. Colonel Duffield was mortally wounded. Gen. T. A. Crittenden of Indiana is a prisoner.

An escaped prisoner reports a force, 8,000 in all, advancing on Nashville. The 4th Pennsylvania cavalry and the 7th Ohio arrived from Lebanon last night. Four regiments are coming from Hunterville.

CINCINNATI, July 14.

The Gazette special, dated Lexington, says that Gen. Ward assumed command last night. The city is under martial law. No man is to appear without a musket, under penalty of being shot down. General Ward's proclamation orders all the citizens of Fayette county to prepare forthwith for military duty.

The Commercial special, dated Frankfort, says that Morgan, with less than 10,000 men, crossed the Kentucky river this morning, and moved north to Versailles, where now is a force sufficient for the protection of Frankfort and Lexington.

CINCINNATI, July 14.

Since Saturday night the city has been greatly excited. A thousand rumors are afloat, meetings have been held, and citizens in large numbers have volunteered special service at Lexington. Over 100 of the city police went fully armed; many citizens are yet anxious to go, but their services will not be accepted until further news from Morgan is had.

Bombardment of Vicksburg.

Telegraphed Expressly for the Bulletin.

JACKSON, Miss., July 17.

The enemy continues to shell Vicksburg, apparently with the view of ascertaining the position of our troops. The lower fleet has moved up about a mile. The ram Arkansas has proved to be a troublesome customer for the enemy's gun-boats, and the Yankees declare that they will capture her if they lose half their fleet in doing so. On Tuesday night, nine gunboats are said to have succeeded in passing down, but not until they had been very badly damaged. It is supposed that the enemy will make a desperate effort to capture the Arkansas. The loss on board the gunboats during their recent encounter with the ram is believed to be at least 500.

Capt. John Kerr has been assigned to command the troops stationed in Jackson.

MOBILE, July 19.

A special despatch to the *Advertiser and Register*, dated Jackson, 19th, says that the enemy are continuously shelling Vicksburg. We will soon have another heavy fight or skedaddle.

The *Tribune* has private despatches, with dates from Vicksburg of the 18th, which say that the Arkansas is being repaired, and will soon be ready for action.

We trust brick and mortar will not control the citizens of Mobile, but that they will let the city be burned to ashes, rather than let it be occupied by Federal troops. We have passed through the fiery ordeal here, but our troops are firm and in good spirits. May God protect and defend our valiant men everywhere.

From the North.

Telegraphed Expressly for the Bulletin.

RICHMOND, July 19.

Northern dates of the 16th have been received here, from which we select the following:

A war meeting was held in New York on the 15th, and is said to have been largely attended. There were five stands for speakers, all of whom were vehemently in favor of upholding the government in all its war measures, until the last armed rebel shall surrender. At 5 o'clock, when the gathering seemed most dense, a violent shower came up, when the meeting was summarily dismissed.

Letters from Butler are published in explanation of his order regarding the ladies of New Orleans. He says that a gentleman will take no notice of a woman of the town, so she cannot insult him, and it is only when she becomes a continuous and positive nuisance, that you call a watchman and give her in charge to him.

THE PROPER IDEA.—We learn that the Government has determined to require subscribers of cotton and money to the loan to comply immediately with the terms of their subscription. Heretofore the payments of this loan have been at the option of the subscriber—the suspension of the collection being allowed by the departments at Richmond. This was a matter of indulgence to the subscribers, but it has been found to work injuriously to the interest of both the subscriber and Government. No further indulgence will be granted and subscribers will be required to perform the obligations which they have assumed.

Yankee Trick.

The Richmond Dispatch says:

A soldier from Georgia picked up on battle field a Yankee "Richmond Dispatch," which had been dropped by some dead Yankee. We have not yet seen it, but persons who have, say it is a curiosity. It is exactly like this paper. The size, paper, advertisements and all are precisely the same. The only difference is in the editorials. The Yankee concern is full of despondins and despairins editorials, which pronounce our cause desperate, and say McClellan is obliged to take this city. These editorials are no doubt sent North, and circulating among the Southern papers may be counterfeited too. Was there ever a nation so thoroughly fooled.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* declares the dispatch which purported to come from Gen. Halleck, announcing that the White river was open to navigation for one hundred and seventy miles, and Governor Rector a fugitive, to be a forgery.

THE END OF THE WORLD.—Tomorrow, to-morrow, every day, to thousands, the end of the world is close at hand. And why should we fear it? We walk here as it were in the crypts of life; at times from the great cathedral above us we can hear the organ and the chanting choir; we see the light stream through the open door, when some friend goes up before us; and shall we fear to mount the narrow staircase of the grave, that lends us out of this uncertain twilight into the serene mansions of life eternal?

MINISTERS ARRESTED IN MEMPHIS.—The Memphis dispatches to the North say: The preaching of the gospel of treason has been stopped by Gen. Wallace. The rector of the Episcopal Church, who offered prayers for the Southern Confederacy last Sunday, has been effectually admonished.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET, July 5.—The market is quiet and firm, with sales of 250 bales at 38½@39 cents for middling uplands.

FUNERAL INVITATION.

THE friends and relatives of Mrs. N. F. JOHNSTON and family are invited to attend the funeral of Miss KATE J. JOHNSTON this afternoon, at 5 o'clock, in the Presbyterian church.

NOTICE.

All members of the 37th Regiment N. C. Troops, who are now at home will report at Statesville on the 1st day of August, prepared to go to the regiment, unless they go to the regiment before that time. All who are unable to travel will send to the Adjutant, at Statesville, certificates from reliable Surgeons.

By order Col. BARBER.

W. M. T. NICHOLSON,
Adjutant 37th N. C. T.

July 21, '62—d6t*

WANTED,

Thirty hands to work on Hospital Bedding; wages per day for 1st class $1.50; 2nd class $1.25; 3d class $1.00, and 4th class 75 cents. None but persons of good character need apply.

M. HOWARD,
Surgeon and Med. Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

N. C. Military Institute, July 20—d1w

SCHOOL NOTICE.

I shall resume the exercises of my School in the Town Hall on Monday, August 4th.

Terms same as last Session.

R. H. GRIFFITH.

July 20, '62—6t

ATTENTION!

PARTIZAN RANGERS.

You are hereby ordered to report at Charlotte Monday, the 21st inst., without further notice.

J. Y. BRYCE, Capt.

P. S. Members will bring blankets.

July 18, 1862—tf

WANTED

A Small House, or part of a house, partly furnished if possible, in a convenient part of the City, also a female servant, one without encumbrance preferred.

JAS. K. SMITH,
Gun Carriage Shop,
Confederate Works.

July 18, 1862—3t*

MILCH, MILCH

Brought to your door By Ayr Oil Co., leave your orders at E. Nye Hutchison & Co's Drug Store.

July 17, '62—1m*

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 1st day of September, under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. BURWELL, aided by competent teachers in all the branches. For circular containing full particulars as to terms address

Rev. R. BURWELL,
July 8, 1862—d1m Charlotte, N. C.

STRAYED,

From the subscriber about the last of June a sleek, bony GRIZZLE BULL, about 3 years old, of dark color with some white spots. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be given for his delivery.

BENJ. MORROW.

July 16, '62—6t

NOTICE.

Hereafter our store will be closed at 4 o'clock, P. M.,

WILLIAMS & GATES.

March 18, 1862—tf

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

MEDICINES, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Turpentine, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Liquors, Castor Xxxx Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Having closed our books, we intend to sell hereafter for cash.

JOHN WILKES & CO.

May 6, 1862—tf

HEAD QUARTERS CAMP [illegible]

Statesville, N. C., [illegible] 1862.

Persons liable to [illegible] conscription act will [illegible] volunteer in any [illegible]

Conscripts are [illegible] the regiments now in [illegible] 18 and so in new [illegible] of May is in violation [illegible]

J. [illegible]
Capt. [illegible]

Comd'g Camp of [illegible]

☞ The Salisbury Times, Western Enterprise, [illegible] Times, Western [illegible] Eagle, will each [illegible] send bills to the [illegible] at Raleigh.

NOTICE.

Received a fine assortment of women's Misses sizes 5 to 8, selling very fast at $3.00 per pair. Fine Kid Morocco Boots, sizes 1 to 6.

For sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.

March 19, 1862—tf

SPRING SHAWLS.

Received a large variety of Silk Mantels and Shawls. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

March 19, 1862—tf

COTTON CARDS.

Run the Blockade ten dozen best quality Whittimore No 8, 9, 10, Cotton Cards for Sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 7, '62—tf.

TALLOW! TALLOW!

5,000 lbs extra article white TALLOW for sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 23, '62—tf.

PEA NUT OIL! PEA NUT OIL!

Few more barrels extra quality PEA NUT OIL just received and for sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 23, '62—tf.

REAL MOUNTAIN DEW.

Ten cases genuine Scotch Whiskey, distilled by WM. HAE & Co., Glascow, just received from the blockade,

For sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

July 15, 1862—tf

WANTED,

In large quantities, to be delivered at the Medical Purveying Department, Charlotte, N. C., the Bark from the root and smaller branches of the wild or forest Poplar, Dogwood and Willow, well dried.

A liberal price will be paid for these articles on delivery.

June 28, 1862—d1m sjlm

Wheat and Corn Wanted.

THE planting community will take notice that their Wheat and Corn Crops will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices. Those having Wheat and Corn for sale may find it to their advantage to call at the Mill before closing a sale.

JOHN WILKES & CO.
Charlotte Flour Mill.

aug 1, 1860—1y

WALTON HOUSE.

MORGANTON, N. C.

This house is now open for the reception of the public, either by the day, week or month. The many advantages of healthfulness, beauty of scenery, good water, &c., will point this out as a desirable place for families or individuals seeking a home during the continuance of the war, or for spending the summer months, with the assurance on the part of the Proprietors that every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of those who may patronize their house.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
W. R. S. BURBANK.

July 7, 1862—d1m

SWORD, SASH AND BELT.

A handsome Silver Case Sword, for Captain or Commissioned Officers, with a red Silk Sash and Belt. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Feb. 15, 1862—tf

CARD.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to give private lessons, at the residences of the pupils, on the Piano, Guitar, Violin and Melodeon, and in drawing and the modern languages. Terms moderate.

R. F. HUNT.

Professor at the Charlotte Fem. Col.

jan' 61-38-dtf

SCUPERNONG WINE.

Superior articles of Scupernong WINE, in bottles for family use. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Jan. 25, 1862—tf

COTTON LACES, &c.

We are selling off our splendid stock of Needle Work, comprising Sleeves and Collars, French and English worked Bands, Edging and Inserting, Thread, Linen and Cotton Laces, as usual, low prices.

Selling very fast at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Jan. 25, 1862—tf

CONFEDERATE UNIFORMS.

Just received a superior quality of Gold Lace for ornamenting sleeves and Confederate caps. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Feb. 15, 1862—tf

ENGLISH GOODS,

A splendid assortment of Prints, Striped Osnaburg, Plaid and Striped English Cotton Goods, per Steamer Bermuda.

For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Jan. 25, 1862—tf

Particular Attention!

As there will be a change in our firm, our customers will do us a great favor by calling and settling their notes or accounts.

Our terms here after are strictly cash.

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Aug. 11, 1861—4

MILITARY BUTTONS, &c.

Received per Steamer Isabel, Gold Epaulets for Commissioned Officers, Military Buttons, Gold Lace, Pistols, &c.

Call soon at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

COTTON BAGGING!

Just received a lot of Bagging.

For sale low at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Feb. 15, 1862—tf

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

I will sell on reasonable terms, or exchange for negroes, or a plantation near town, for Town Lots in the high state of cultivation, in that part of town known as Smithville, many of them desirable sites for private residence.

JOAB F. SMITH.

July 17, 1862—2w

WANTED,

BOTTLES AND VIALS.

The Medical Purveyor at Charlotte, N. C., will pay the following prices for clean Bottles and Vials, viz:

Quart Champagne Bottles,	$1.25 per doz.
Pint "	75 " "
Quart Wine (Claret) "	75 " "
6 oz. "	75 " "
4 oz. "	60 " "
2 oz. "	50 " "

to be delivered in any quantity at the N. C. Military Institute, or to Drs. Duffy and Arendell, Medical Purveyor's Agents, who will visit the various towns in the State.

This call is rendered necessary from the fact that there are no glass factories in the Southern Confederacy. Persons having Bottles and Vials will confer a great benefit upon the sick and wounded soldiers by collecting all that they may have as speedily as possible.

M. HOWARD,
Surgeon and Medical Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

July 14, 1862—d1m w1m

ATTENTION ALL.

The Medical Purveyor's Department Charlotte, N. C., is in need of the following herbs, &c, for the use of the Army, for which the following prices will be paid on delivery at the N. C. Institute. Persons residing in districts where they can be obtained, will please give their attention to collecting and saving them, the articles must be clean and well dried:

Seneka Snake root	60 cents lb.
Puccoon, or Blood root,	40 " "
Wild Cherry bark,	30 " "
Indian Turnip,	20 " "
American Ipecac—root,	1,00 " "
Blooming Spurge—root,	50 " "
Indian Physic—root,	25 " "
Indian Tobacco,	25 " "
Black Snake root,	50 " "
Poke root,	30 " "
Cranesbill,	20 " "
Blackberry root,	20 " "
American Gentian,	20 " "
Dogwood bark,	25 " "
Fever Root,	20 " "
American Hellebore root,	20 " "
Peppermint,	20 " "
Skunk Cabbage—root,	20 " "
Jamestown Weed—seed and leaves,	30 " "
Hemlock leaves,	20 " "
Wintergreen, or Partridge Berry	50 " "
Horsemint,	30 " "
Sassafras—bark of root,	20 " "
Sassafras pith,	2,00 " "
Ginseng root,	50 " "
Sarsaparilla root,	30 " "
Lavender—leaves and stem,	20 " "
Flax seed, per bushel,	3,50 " "
White Oak bark,	20 " "
Meadow Sweet,	25 " "
American Columbo root,	50 " "
Willow bark,	20 " "
Tulip Tree bark or Wild Poplar,	20 " "
Persimmon bark—from root,	20 " "
Centsury herb,	20 " "
Boneset,	20 " "
Butterfly Weed, or Pleurisy root	30 " "
Dandelion root,	30 " "
Hops,	100 " "
Wild Senna,	50 " "
May Apple, or Mandrake,	75 " "
Butternut—inner bark of root,	50 " "
Henbane—leaves and seed,	75 " "
Barberry leaves,	50 " "
Elecampane,	25 " "
Scotch Broom—tops of stems,	30 " "
Pink Root,	50 " "
Worm Seed,	25 " "
Calamus,	25 " "
Wild Ginger, or Canada Snake root,	25 " "
Queen's Root,	50 " "
Slippery Elm,	30 " "
Red Pepper,	100 " "
Anise seed,	50 " "
Spear Mint,	25 " "
Bitter Sweet, or Woody Night Shade,	50 " "

M. HOWARD,
Sur'g and Med'l Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

July 8, 1862—d1m w1m

L. T. LEVIN,

Commission Merchant,

SELLS ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

March 14, 1862 1y

J. G. WILKINSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND Plated Ware.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

WILLIAMS & GATES,

TRADE STREET,

Cotton Buyers, Grocers & Produce Dealers,

Agents for Rutledge's Manipulated Guano and Lorie's Lumber.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

may 19-tf

Charlotte Foundry And Machine Shop.

HAVING purchased from J. A. Fox the above establishment, the subscribers would call to the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines, Cotton and Tobacco Presses, and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron, Brass and other Metals made at short notice and reasonable prices. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Threshing Machines, Mowers, Cotton Gins, Mill Work and Castings, Wagon Work of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Jobbing, Wagon work, and Horse-Shoeing neatly done. Orders for Lathes or Lathe Irons, Planing Machines or Lathes for Planing Mills, Screw Cutting Machines, Boring or Mortising Machines, Moulding Machines, Tenoning Machines, Shingle Machines, Wood Turning also done to order.

JOHN M. HOWIE.

Jan 25-tf

Family Flour for Sale.

A [illegible] Flour, Superfine White and Extra Family Flour, manufactured and for SALE at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill.

Also, 100 Bushels SEED WHEAT.

JOHN WILKES,
Charlotte Flour Mills.

Aug 1, 1860—tf

Save Your Ashes.

THE Charlotte Chemical & M. Co., will pay 12½ cents per bushel for good clean

All persons having any to sell, will please give notice at the Drug Store of E. Nye Hutchison & Co.

CHARLOTTE C. & M. Co.

Feb 22—tf

Book [illegible]

OF EVERY [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

TERMS FOR PAPER!

DAILY BULLETIN, (per annum) $6.00.
TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN, (per annum) $4.00.
CATAWBA JOURNAL, (per annum) $1.00.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISING:

1 square	1 time	$ .50
1 do	2 times	.75
1 do	3 do	1.00
1 do	6 do	1.75
1 do	12 do	2.75
1 do	1 month	4.00
1 do	2 m'ths	7.50
1 do	3 do	10.00
1 do	6 do	14.00
1 do	1 year	20.00

☞ Advertisements published until forbid, will be charged 50 cents per square of 12 lines for the first insertion, and 25 cents for each continuance if not contracted for.

☞ A liberal discount made on the above rates to persons advertising by contract.

CHARLOTTE.

Tuesday Morning, July 22, 1862.

A Reply to Inquiries.

During the past month we have received several letters on business in which the inquiry is made, "Why have you not come out in favor of one or the other of the gentlemen named for Governor?" "Why is it you have not hoisted at your mast head the Candidate you support for Governor," &c.

In reply to these inquiries we remark—we wear the collar of no man, because we are not a dog. When any other than our own name appear at the head of the BULLETIN we then cease to be its Editor.

We publish a strictly independent journal, pledged to the support of no person, and it never shall be so long as we preside over its columns.

As an individual we have our preferences and will vote for the gentleman we admire most without regard to the opinions of others, yet we are opposed to obtruding the name of our choice or advertising the public daily that our paper is pledged to his support.

Pardon us for the following closing remark, which we would regard extremely appropriate were we to do as some expect us.

In Columbia, S. C., there resides an amiable and distinguished gentleman and Banker, known as John A. Crawford, (pardon the reference,) who at one time owned a handsome dog, which, when seen, prompted the inquiry—"Whose dog is that?"

In order to answer the frequent and annoying inquiry, Mr. Crawford procured and placed upon his dog a collar—a very handsome silver collar—with the inscription, "I am John A. Crawfords dog! Whose dog are you."

As we have not yet been bought up, and am confident that there is not a man in North Carolina possessing money enough to make us think upon that subject one moment, we will not wear a collar for any man, because we are not one of the canine species.

"A War of Extermination."

Under the above heading we publish in another column an able and timely article which appeared in the Charleston *Mercury* of a recent date, to which is appended the comments of the Savannah *News*.

The reasoning of Senex is conclusive and just. The Federal Government and its hireling soldiery have proclaimed their determination to violate every law, human and Divine in their efforts to subjugate the South, and now they are putting arms in the hands of our servile population, who, of course, will not respect female virtue nor spare the lives of women or children. Surely the State will authorize the punishment of such as are instigating insurrection and rapine with their relative monstrosities. If summary punishment is not ordered by our Chief Magistrates, we hope our soldiers will not spare the life of one of those who invade our soil, when captured. It is due to our women and children that the lives of such fiends be instantly taken. Let the war of extermination begin. The Yankee nation is responsible for the consequences. Let the black flag be hoisted and give no quarters.

The Bloody Work in the late Battles.

We have been favored with the following interesting extract from a letter written by a Federal Surgeon to his sister:

"FORTRESS MONROE, July 4.

"I now realize war in all its horrors. I have witnessed such scenes as would make the blood curdle to read about them, but to look upon is horrible. I have seen, within two days past, more than 12,000 men torn in all parts of the body with balls and bayonet wounds. I went on board of the Vanderbilt this morning, and saw lying, all over the boat, 850 wounded and dying men. I sickened at the sight, but was compelled, for the sake of humanity, to do all I could to aid them. I there saw Col. Bratton, of South Carolina, a rebel Colonel who fell upon the field, not dead but badly wounded; he and five of his command are prisoners, all badly wounded; some of the wounded men hit in four or five places.

These men are less than one-fourth that fell upon the field of battle on last Saturday, near Richmond. The rebels attacked the Union troops and completely routed them, taking all their stores, artillery, ammunition, &c., &c. On Sunday there was some fighting, which the papers report as being terrible, and that they gained all they lost on Saturday, but this is not so. I have my information from best sources. The rebels fought terribly hard, and I very much fear McClellan's army will be completely routed if he does not receive reinforcements. Yesterday, Sumner's division was attacked again by the rebels, but we have not received any news of the result, as the wires are down from headquarters. We have lost a great many officers, numbers of Colonels, Lieut, Colonels, Majors, &c., &c. I was informed one boat alone was filled with officers.

"S——of company C, was wounded, as was his captain, and his company was terribly cut up, but few men remaining. I saw two men on the boat wounded in his company. The Pennsylvania regiments suffered terribly; only 150 men are left in the 10th the Pennsylvania regiment. The number of killed, wounded and miss-

ing to the two [illegible] approaches 16,000, certain.

"Don't believe [illegible] you see in the papers. I know [illegible] fully. Official dispatches are [illegible]

"We hear that [illegible] reinforced McClellan, and that [illegible] is to send us as many as he can [illegible]

Savannah News.

Col. Morgan [illegible] Kinsville.

The Knoxville Tenn[illegible] Register, of the 15th, contains the following brief but exciting brisk note from Colonel Morgan, commanding:

TOMPKINSVILLE, Ky., July 9.

DEAR SPRAGUE: We had an elegant little fight this morning, and breakfast, and cleaned out a [illegible] completely as it [illegible] by any one. They had breakfasted but had not time to eat it.

With their usual [illegible] ity, when acting without previous [illegible] ions, they left us many valuable [illegible] such as watches, horses, very [illegible] abundance of provisions, some [illegible] drink, blankets and huge piles [illegible] made clothing and Union stations [illegible] last but not least, quite a num[illegible] pair carcasses—some "gone and [illegible] going and others well and [illegible]

The Register adds: [illegible] the 7th Pennsylvania regiment, [illegible] commanded by Major Thos [illegible] the result of the victory was, that the [illegible] camp and stores fell into our hands [illegible] consisting of tents, 100 head of [illegible] horses and mules, light wagons and [illegible] 100 carbines and rifles, a fine lot of [illegible] arms, and a large quantity of [illegible] clothing, &c.

Owing to the locality, [illegible] Colonel Morgan was compelled to burn a large portion of his spoils, consisting of [illegible] wagons but one, all the tents, and [illegible] new Yankee uniforms—the forces having just been newly equipped, but not [illegible] having had time to don their new [illegible]

The Yankee force has been ma[illegible] rauding in Fentress and [illegible] counties, committing depredations [illegible] outrages.

We regret to learn that [illegible] Colonel Hunt, of the Georgia cavalry, [illegible] accidentally wounded very seriously [illegible] leg by one of his own men.

The following letter addressed to an inquirer will relieve the [illegible] of others also:

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA,
War Department,
Richmond, [illegible] 13, 1862.

To ——— Sir: [illegible] he honor to acknowledge the receipt [illegible] your letter of the 12st inst., inquiring [illegible] whether the order prohibiting the reception [illegible] of unnaturalized foreigners as substitutes in the army applies to citizens of Maryland, and to inform you that it does not apply to them, unless they possess the right of citizenship in some State in the Confederacy.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. W. [illegible], Secretary of War.

From Middle Tennessee.

[illegible], July 8.

Editors Mobile Register and Advertiser:

Enclosed you will find [illegible] order issued by the Federals to the people of Murfreesboro,' Tenn. They [illegible] to take the oath, with but one [illegible] The merchants closed their doors, [illegible] doctors refused to practice, [illegible] ministers to preach. I send you [illegible] publication so that Tennessee troops may [illegible] it.

Respectfully, [illegible]

[illegible], Surgeon [illegible], U. S. ARMY,
Commanding Hospital.

P. S.—I was in Murfreesboro' when this order was enforced.

Special order No. 18.

HEADQUARTERS, 9th Regt. Mich. Inf.,
Murfreesboro,' June 1[illegible], 1862.

Whereas, it is not the policy of the Government of the United States to encourage treason nor to afford protection to its enemies, whether in open rebellion or secret conspiracy against the laws. Therefore it is ordered that all traders, merchants, druggists, grocers, shoemakers, tailors, school teachers, preachers, lawyers and others in the city of Murfreesboro,' who solicit the patronage of the public, be required to subscribe to the oath of allegiance to the Government of the United States, and in case of their refusal to take said oath, that they be prohibited from practicing their trade or profession within the limits of the city of Murfreesboro."

Capt. O. C. Rounds, Provost Marshall, will see that this order is executed.

By order of [illegible],
Lieut. Col. 9th Mich. Infantry, Com'dg,
Military Governor Murfreesboro.'

W. A. HULL, Acting Adjutant.

GEN. HARDEE AND THE RECRUIT.—An anecdote is told of General Hardee, which shows, in a very amusing light, the kind of material of which an army of volunteer soldiery is formed.—About the beginning of the war, the General was forming the nucleus of an army in South-east Missouri, and, disciplinarian, was very active in teaching his men the rules and duties of a soldier's life. It happened one night that a sentinel had been placed to guard the stores near the entrance of the General's headquarters. Returning home rather late from a tour of inspection, he passed the sentinel a few paces from his door, and, not being honored with the usual salute of "present arms," he halted—and in a loud but [illegible] tone, said: "Don't you know who I am?" "No, sir," replied the Arkansian; "who are you?" "I am General Hardee, sir!" Whereupon the raw recruit advanced a few paces, put out his hand for a friendly shake, and said, in a familiar tone: "My name, General, is Bill [illegible]erson, and I'm right glad to make your acquaintance."

The General was astounded at the soldier's innocent familiarity with him, but quietly what his duty was, he retired to his tent, probably, on the trial of manufacturing soldiers at [illegible]

☞ Those who may change in the direction of name the office from which made as well as the office to be sent in future.

A WAR OF EXTERMINATION.

[From the Savannah News.]

The Charleston *Mercury*, in calling the attention of the public to the following communication says: "It comes from a pen of one of the most venerable men of this community—one whose age has long since tempered the hasty zeal of youth—whose manhood has been marked by conservative moderation of views, and whose hands are running out.

"It is this respected citizen, a great sufferer from the afflictions of this war—who tells us that the time has come when no quarter should be given the enemy, whose premeditated atrocities condemn them by our own laws to the fate of the worst of criminals. Entering upon this conflict with a delicate and sentimental reluctance on the part of many to use that retaliation which was necessary for the protection of our people and the respectability of our cause, we have not yet taught the North to fear the punishment of their criminal conduct of the war, and are drifting rapidly into a necessary severity.

"The course pursued by Butler and Hunter—the policy advocated by the blood-thirsty red republican majority of the North, and likely to be pursued as far as practicable—can be met in no other way than by "shutting the gates of mercy" on our savage foes. To permit the waging of such a war as is now on foot, would be the base abandonment of our defenceless to the brutality of an enraged and barbarous enemy. It is enough.

"To stir a fever in the blood of age.
Or make the infant sinews strong as steel."

"We, therefore, call upon the authorities to put this matter at once upon its high footing, and to meet the enemy fully and fearlessly in the prompt sanctioning of a policy of conducting this war which shall be either a preventive or retaliatory. One policy must be met by another and at once."

"REPORT OF GENERAL HUNTER—RECENT DEBATES IN YANKEE CONGRESS, ETC.—CONTRABAND PROPERTY FOR MILITARY PURPOSES, ETC.

To the Editor of the Mercury: There are new evidences of the "weakness which tyranny imposes on itself," but it is our part to say, "the question is respectfully submitted to our governments, both at Columbia and at Richmond, how far such atrocities are to be contemplated, and how far such measures are to be prosecuted, without due notice being given to the civilized world of their inevitable results."

Is there not a law in South Carolina for suppressing rebellion? Are not the provisions ample for putting down domestic insurrection? And does not the same penalty attach to all men who are found aiding and abetting in such cases, as to the insurgents themselves who are engaged? If General Hunter, or Mr. Sherman, of Ohio; Mr. Collamer, of Vermont; Mr. Fessenden, of Maine, or Mr. Rice, of Minnesota, *cumulis*, were found stealing household furniture or specie within the limits of the State, would either of these "parties" be considered less a thief because they were committing the additional crime of waging a practical war against the peace and dignity of the entire South? And can they be held as less amenable to the law referred to, because, after enticing those about us to join in violating the "rights of property," they go further and teach them how to murder our women and our children? Those who are not "accounted wise" desire to be informed in those matters.

Is it to be supposed, for a single instant, that if these offenders, of any tint, shall chance to fall into *our* hands, *they* are to be dealt with as prisoners of war, entitled to exchange, or fit objects for any of those privileges which appertain to the soldier? Would not execution immediately follow capture? and if any other course were pursued, would not allegiance to all authority be forthwith at an end?

Will those of us, whose heart's blood has been shed—those who "die daily" in remembrance of their own sorrows—consent to have this question mooted, and still consent to live? Would "woman"—now acting as the vicegerent of God—ministering comfort to the wounded—performing "labors of love"—feel other than that she, a mother, a wife, a sister, or a daughter, is deserted and abandoned by her natural protector? But enough! This is no occasion for argument! On this branch of the conflict, when the Stars and the Stripes come against us, let the "black flag" be given to the breeze! Let there be no hesitation and no mistake; or let us at once yield everything and ask mercy on our knees.

First, however, let the Governor and his Council see that the State suffers no detriment; that her laws are duly respected. And next, let those who hold the destinies of this Confederacy, *in trust for the South*, do the same. Lastly, when the *1st South Carolina Volunteers of Gen. Hunter* take the field, let this position be cardinal—any Southron who gives quarter is a traitor. He who asks it, is unworthy of his status.

SENEX.

THE DECIMATION OF MCCLELLAN'S ARMY.—As an instance of how terribly cut up some of McClellan's regiments have been by the recent battles, the Courrier des Etats Unis states that of the regiment of Fardee Lafayette which left New York for the Peninsula, under the command of Colonel de Trobriand, formerly editor of the editorial of the Courrier, scarcely more than fifty men are now fit for service. We copy from it:

"The Fifty-fifth New York State Militia, more generally known as the Fardee Lafayette, and composed chiefly of French citizens, has been so decimated by sickness and by the battles of Williamsburg, Fair Oaks and Richmond that, as a regiment, it can scarcely be said to practically exist. Scarcely over fifty of its men are now fit for active service. Colonel de Trobriand, who left New York on the 25th ult., arrived at his camp, after much difficulty, only to find it deserted by the evacuation of the White House. He is now in Washington, hoping to obtain either a new command or authority to raise a new regiment."

Seizures of concealed government arms were made in some of the palatial residences of rebel sympathizers in Baltimore last week. In one house were found fifty-seven Harper's Ferry muskets, loaded, with accoutrements complete. The arms were taken, and the sympathizers will be brought before General Wool for investigation.

The Wilmington Journal learns from more than one hint of intelligent officer who participated in the battles at Richmond, that all or nearly all the Yankee prisoners they saw were, when taken, more or less under the influence of liquor, while there was plenty in all their canteens.—Some of our own brave soldiers who had been fighting on fair principles, did take live swigs out of the canteens of the dead Lincolnites.

FILES, FISTULA, TUMORS SPERMATORRHŒA, ULCERATIONS OF THE WOMB, &c.

Dr. J. A. CLOPTON, of Montgomery Ala., is at the Boydon House, at Salisbury, N. C., where he may be consulted during the balance of this week. A perfect cure is guaranteed. For files, not one patient out of ten will be confined in bed any longer than he is operated on. Reference, to the most distinguished gentlemen of the South. Ladies will be waited at their homes if desired.

July 22.—3t.

PINLEY HIGH SCHOOL,

LENOIR, CALDWELL CO., N. C.

The Fall Session of this Institution will commence on the 6th of August next.

Board, in good private families $3 per week.

TUITION, PER SESSION, OF 20 WEEKS:

Classics,	$20
English,	$12 to $15
Contingent fee,	50 cents.

No deductions for lost time, except at the option of the principal.

E. W. FAUCETTE, Principal.

LENOIR, N. C., July 18, '62—3t.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR THE WAR.

Any one who wishes to procure a substitute for the war can secure one by inquiring at this office.

July 15 '62 d5t.

TOBACCO FOR SALE.

The subscriber has on hand about forty or fifty thousand pounds of TOBACCO in leaf, two and three years old, which he offers for sale.

C. L. TORRENCE.

Charlotte, July 15, '62—d1m

RECEIVER'S SALE OF NEGROES.

On Tuesday the 29th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Market House, in the town of Wilmington, I will expose to public sale at Auction for cash, thirteen likely NEGROES, including men, women and children. Said negroes are the property of alien enemies, and are sold under a decree of the Confederate Court.

DeBRUTZ CUTLAR,
July 14—13t. Receiver, &c.

REV. G. D. BERNHEIM'S CLASSICAL SCHOOL,

Will be re-opened on Monday the 4th of August next for boys and girls, in the Lutheran Church, in Charlotte.

A competent assistant will give instructions in such the primary and intermediate departments.

TERMS.—Per session of five months:

Primary Department,	$10
Intermediate Department,	12 to 15
Classical Department,	20

G. D. BERNHEIM.

July 14, 1862—2w

NOTICE

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 13, 1862.

A hospital having been Established, at this place, for the care of transient, sick and wounded soldiers, all such will report to

R. KIDDER GREGORY,
Act. Assist. Surgeon, C. S. A.,
in charge of Hospital at Charlotte, N. C.

P. S.—Ladies in the town and surrounding country are requested to send bandages, lint and old linen, as large quantities are necessary.

July 14, 1862—1w

To Voters of Mecklenburg:

Some weeks ago my friends announced me as a Candidate for the Legislature, but not feeling that it was convenient for me to enter the contest, I last week published a card declining. On reflection, and at the solicitation of numerous friends, I have concluded to become a Candidate, and therefore announce myself as a Candidate for a seat in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of North Carolina. In order that my position may be understood, I will state that I am for Col. Wm. Johnston for Governor, and in favor of prosecuting the war until our independence is established. If my fellow-citizens of Mecklenburg see proper to elect me I will serve them to the best of my ability.

R. L. DEARMON.

July 5, 1862

ATTENTION TO ALL.

TWO HUNDRED Reams of writing paper. ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND Envelopes, just received at the Store of

KOOPMAN & PHELPS.

May 20th, 1862. tf

MECKLENBURG PARTIZAN RANGERS.

Robert A. Davidson, Wm. S. Prather, Jno. S. Wylie, W. L. Kirkpatrick, J. M. White and J. H. Henderson, are appointed recruiting officers for the above named company, which will receive names until the Conscription Act goes into effect. The company having organized and elected a Captain, will meet in Charlotte at the Court House on Wednesday the 9th and Wednesday the 16th of July.

M. N. HART, Capt.

July 8, 1862—tf

WANTED.

Ten or fifteen good Shoe Makers to put up Gentlemen and Ladies sewed shoes can find constant work at good prices by applying to M. B. TAYLOR.

July 10 1862—d2w

COW FEED.

Oil Cakes in large quantities at St. Catharine Mills for sale.

July 11, '62—2 m.

MARK & SCHWARZ.

Have removed their stock of goods to the Store formerly occupied by Messrs. Frankinthall & Co., where they will be pleased to wait on our friends and the public generally.

Those desiring new and fashionable goods would do well to visit our Store before purchasing elsewhere.

H. C. MARK. G. SCHWARZ.

July 14, 1862—tf

NOTICE.

Surgical Instruments are much demanded by the necessities of the service, and a liberal price will be paid for them at this Depot,

EDWARD WARREN,
Surg. and Medical Purveyor.

Goldsboro' N. C., July 14, '62 d1m.

WANTED.

Thirty hands to work on Hospital Bedding; wages per day for 1st class $1.50; 2nd class $1.25; 3d class $1.00, and 4th class 75 cents. None but persons of good character need apply.

M. HOWARD,
Surgeon and Med. Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

C. Military Institute, July 20—d1w

WANTED,

BOTTLES AND VIALS.

The Medical Purveyor at Charlotte, N. C., will pay the following prices for clean Bottles and Vials, viz:

Quart Champagne Bottles,	$1.25 per doz.
Pint "	75 " "
Quart Wine (Claret) "	1.00 " "
Pint "	70 " "
Quart Castor Oil "	75 " "
Porter "	75 " "
8 oz. Vials,	55 " "
6 and 4 oz. Vials,	60 " "
1 and 2 oz. "	50 " "

to be delivered in any quantity at the N. C. Military Institute, or to Drs. Duffy and Arendell, Medical Purveyor's Agents; who will visit the various towns in the State.

This call is rendered necessary from the fact that there are no glass factories in the Southern Confederacy. Persons having Bottles and Vials will confer a great benefit upon the sick and wounded soldiers by collecting all that they may have as speedily as possible.

M. HOWARD,
Surgeon and Medical Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

July 14, 1862—d1m w1m

ATTENTION ALL.

The medical Purveyor's Department Charlotte, N. C., is in need of he following herbs, &c., for the use of the army for which the following prices will be paid on delivery at the N. C. Institute. Persons residing in districts where they can be obtained, will please give their attention to collecting and saving them, the articles must be clean and well dried:

Seneka Snake root,	60 cents lb.
Puccoon, or Blood root,	40 " "
Wild Cherry bark,	30 " "
Indian Turnip,	20 " "
American Ipecac—root,	1.00 " "
Blooming Spurge—root,	50 " "
Indian Physic—root,	25 " "
Indian Tobacco,	25 " "
Black Snake root,	50 " "
Poke root,	20 " "
Cranesbill,	20 " "
Blackberry root,	20 " "
American Gentian,	20 " "
Dogwood bark,	25 " "
Fever Root,	20 " "
American Hellebore root,	20 " "
Peppermint,	20 " "
Skunk Cabbage—root,	20 " "
Jamestown Weed—seed and leaves,	20 " "
Hemlock leaves,	20 " "
Wintergreen, or Partridge Berry	50 " "
Horsemint,	20 " "
Sassafras—bark of root,	20 " "
Sassafras pith,	5.00 " "
Ginseng root,	50 " "
Sarsaparilla root,	75 " "
Lavender—leaves and stem,	20 " "
Flax seed, per bushel,	3.50 " "
White Oak bark,	20 " "
Meadow Sweet,	25 " "
American Columbo root,	50 " "
Willow bark,	20 " "
Tulip Tree bark or Wild Poplar,	20 " "
Persimmon bark—from root,	20 " "
Centaury herb,	20 " "
Boneset,	20 " "
Butterfly Weed, or Pleurisy root	30 " "
Dandelion root,	30 " "
Hops,	100 " "
Wild Senna,	50 " "
May Apple, or Mandrake,	75 " "
Butternut—inner bark of root,	50 " "
Henbane—leaves and seed,	75 " "
Barberry leaves,	50 " "
Fleabane,	25 " "
Scotch Broom—tops of stems,	30 " "
Pink Root,	50 " "
Worm Seed,	25 " "
Calamus,	25 " "
Wild Ginger, or Canada Snake root,	25 " "
Queen's Root,	50 " "
Slippery Elm,	30 " "
Red Pepper,	100 " "
Anise seed,	50 " "
Spear Mint,	25 " "
Bitter Sweet, or Woody Night Shade,	50 " "

M. HOWARD.
Sur'g and Med'l Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.

July 3, 1862—d1m w1m

WANTED.

In large quantities, to be delivered at the Medical Purveying Department, Charlotte, N. C., the Bark from the root and smaller branches of the wild or forest Poplar, Dogwood and Willow, well dried.

A liberal price will be paid for these articles on delivery.

June 28, 1862—d1m c1m

TIMELY WARNING

The Medical Accounts of the late firm of FOX & WHITE, and also the Individual Accounts of O. J. FOX, are placed in the hands of A. O. WILLIAMSON for immediate settlement and collection. He is authorized to give a reasonable indulgence to all who will promptly settle. Note to others none. Money is plenty and the time propitious for paying debts.

O. J. FOX.

May 10, '62—3tf—c3w

SCHOOL NOTICE.

Miss M. E. Stewart will resume the exercises of her School on Monday, August 4th, 1862.

Tuition per Session of Twenty weeks $12.

July 21, '62—1w

TURNIP SEED.

200 pounds of choice TURNIP SEED for sale. Apply to

E. W. BEALE,
July 21, '62—1w Graham, N. C.

A SUBSTITUTE WANTED.

An able bodied man over 45 years of age is wanted to serve in the Confederate army as a substitute. For particulars apply at Bulletin office.

July 21,—6t

A Cook and Washer Wanted.

An experienced COOK, Washer and Ironer will hear of a pleasant situation on application through this office.

July 17 tf

CHARLOTTE AND S. C. R. R. CO.

The Coupons due on the 1st of January next on the Bonds of this Company will be paid whenever presented at my office at the Depot.

dec 2'61. A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad Co.

COLUMBIA, March 31, 1862.

A PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Columbia for Charlotte each afternoon at 5, and arrive in Columbia at 5 a. m.

T. J. SUMNER,
Engineer and Superintendent.

April 4, 1862 tf

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad.

THE Passenger Trains on this Road will leave and arrive, hereafter, as follows:

Leave Charlotte, at	5.00 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte,	5.00 A. M.
Leave Columbia at	5.00 P. M.
Arrive at Columbia,	10.00 A. M.

Nov 4

WANTED.

Thirty laborers to chop wood. Address High Shoals Iron Company, Lincolnton, N. C.

June 13, 1862—d2w

☞ The Charleston Courier will please copy 10 times and send bill to this office.

RUSHING BLOCKADE.

Ladies English Hoop Skirts, all qualities, Brown and Black English Long Cloth, French Kid Gloves, light and dark colors, Summer wear, French Cambroon, Men's and Boys Gents English Shirts, direct importation, also new styles Gents Collars for sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

june 13 '62—d1tc.

Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road,

[redacted]

Stockholders desiring their back dividend will leave their original certificates with me. The coupons due upon the Bonds of this Company on the 1st of July will be paid on presentation to the undersigned.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

June 13, 1862—tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE SOUTH

AND OTHERS GENERALLY:

I have a Receipt to make a liquid to mix it and it with any kind of Oil (except pure Lard,) which is equal to Sperm Oil for Machinery. This liquid can be made at a cost of five dollars per barrel of 40 gallons. It can be made in 30 minutes and be ready for use in 4 hours. This Oil will not corrode any gum, but will cut away all gum that has been created by other Oils. It is better than Sperm Oil for Machinery of quick motion. It is the very article for Cotton and Paper Mills. Any one that wants the receipt can address me at the above and I will give any information concerning it, price, &c., &c.

Address

T. R. BAILEY,
Buffalo Paper Mills,
Cleaveland Co., N. C.

May 8, 1862—3m

WANTED.

Twenty hands can find immediate employment by applying at the Envelope Manufactory to

J. H. STEVENS & CO.,
Opposite Post Office.

May 28'62 d1f.

The North Carolina WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

CATAWBA COUNTY,

40 MILES WEST OF SALISBURY,

Near the W. N. C. Rail Road,

ARE NOW OPEN FOR VISITORS. OFFERING a safe, healthy and pleasant retreat, near the mountains of North Carolina to families who cannot be accompanied by gentlemen to the general Armies of Virginia. The Hotels. A daily mail to the Springs and from the Springs. Terms for visitors. The Medical qualities of these waters are [illegible] former reputation, [illegible] and [illegible] guests to patronize [illegible]

MRS. E. J. MORRISON.

May 19, 1862—3m

DAVIDSON WINERY.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

This Institution is situated [illegible] N. C. and [illegible] the Rail Road from [illegible] Charlotte. Visitors from [illegible] Yorkville, Lancaster, [illegible] Camden, Columbia, Winnsboro, [illegible] Wadesboro, Fayetteville, [illegible] Wilmington, Salisbury, [illegible] Statesville, Lincolnton, [illegible] Shelby, Rutherfordton, [illegible] Asheville, Greenville, [illegible] Spartanburg, Anderson, [illegible] Abbeville, Greenwood, [illegible] Newberry, Columbia, [illegible] Camden, Cheraw, [illegible] Darlington, Florence, [illegible] Marion, Georgetown, [illegible] Conway, Kingstree, [illegible] Charleston, Augusta, [illegible] Savannah, Macon, [illegible] Atlanta, Montgomery, [illegible] Mobile, Columbus, [illegible] Selma, Talladega, [illegible] Huntsville, Decatur, [illegible] Nashville, Memphis, [illegible] Knoxville, Chattanooga, [illegible] Cleveland, Dalton, [illegible] Rome, Kingston, [illegible] Marietta, Atlanta, [illegible] Dalton, Cleveland, [illegible] Knoxville, Bristol, [illegible] Abingdon, Wytheville, [illegible] Lynchburg, Danville, [illegible] Richmond, Petersburg, [illegible] Norfolk, Portsmouth, [illegible] Weldon, Goldsboro, [illegible] Raleigh, Hillsboro, [illegible] Greensboro, [illegible] Salisbury, [illegible] Charlotte, [illegible] Yorkville, [illegible] Lancaster, [illegible] Camden, [illegible] Columbia, [illegible] Winnsboro, [illegible] Wadesboro, [illegible] Fayetteville, [illegible] Wilmington, [illegible] Salisbury, [illegible] Statesville, [illegible] Lincolnton, [illegible] Shelby, [illegible] Rutherfordton, [illegible] Asheville, [illegible] Greenville, [illegible] Spartanburg, [illegible] Anderson, [illegible] Abbeville, [illegible] Greenwood, [illegible] Newberry, [illegible] Columbia, [illegible] Camden, [illegible] Cheraw, [illegible] Darlington, [illegible] Florence, [illegible] Marion, [illegible] Georgetown, [illegible] Conway, [illegible] Kingstree, [illegible] Charleston, [illegible] Augusta, [illegible] Savannah, [illegible] Macon, [illegible] Atlanta, [illegible] Montgomery, [illegible] Mobile, [illegible] Columbus, [illegible] Selma, [illegible] Talladega, [illegible] Huntsville, [illegible] Decatur, [illegible] Nashville, [illegible] Memphis, [illegible] Knoxville, [illegible] Chattanooga, [illegible] Cleveland, [illegible] Dalton, [illegible] Rome, [illegible] Kingston, [illegible] Marietta, [illegible] Atlanta, [illegible] Dalton, [illegible] Cleveland, [illegible] Knoxville, [illegible] Bristol, [illegible] Abingdon, [illegible] Wytheville, [illegible] Lynchburg, [illegible] Danville, [illegible] Richmond, [illegible] Petersburg, [illegible] Norfolk, [illegible] Portsmouth, [illegible] Weldon, [illegible] Goldsboro, [illegible] Raleigh, [illegible] Hillsboro, [illegible] Greensboro, [illegible] Salisbury, [illegible] Charlotte.

MOURNING GOODS.

Ladies' Cloths, all wool, and Plain Alpacas, Figured Paplins, Grape Satin, and Grape Gros, for sale by

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

March 24, 1862—tf

Announcement.

We are authorized to announce that Dr. J. B. ALEXANDER is a candidate for a seat in the House of Commons, N. C. Legislature, as a Representative from Mecklenburg county.

June 27 '62—ted

Announcement.

MR. EDITOR:—You will please announce that JOHN PHELAN, Esq., is a Candidate for the office of County Court Clerk, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of W. A. Hall, Esq.

The election will take place during the session of the Inferior Court.

July 2, 1862—te

Announcement.

MR. EDITOR:—You are hereby authorized to announce that Dr. H. M. PRITCHARD is a Candidate to represent the people of Mecklenburg in the Senate, North Carolina Legislature, and that the will be supported at the next election by

MANY FRIENDS.

May 29 te

Announcement.

MR. EDITOR:—You are hereby authorized to announce Gen. JOHN A. YOUNG as a candidate for a seat in the Senate of North Carolina from Mecklenburg county.

MANY CITIZENS.

June 19, '62,—te

The Peoples Ticket.

MR. EDITOR:—You will please announce the following and oblige

MANY VOTERS.

FOR COMMONS.

E. C. GRIER,
JOHN L. BROWN.

June 19, 1862—te

Voters of Mecklenburg:

The Army has discovered that a scramble will be made, during the absence of many of its population, to foist upon them old fogies, and cranked na'ws as scheming political hacks, but they protest and urge upon their friends who value the services of our friends and our wishes, to vote for the following

SOLDIERS TICKET:

FOR THE COMMONS,
E. C. GRIER,
J. L. BROWN.

June 17, 1862. HIGH PRIVATE.

Announcement.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce JOHN L. BROWN as a Candidate to represent the County of Mecklenburg in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of North Carolina, and oblige

MANY VOTERS.

June 16, 1862—tod

Compromise Ticket.

Many citizens of Mecklenburg county will support the following Ticket for the Legislature:

FOR THE SENATE,
J. H. WILSON, Esq.

FOR THE COMMONS,
E. C. GRIER,
R. L. DEARMOND.

June 16, 1862.

Announcement.

We are authorized to announce that R. M. WHITE is a Candidate for the office of Sheriff for Mecklenburg county at the next election.

May 15, '62—t d e

Announcement.

We are authorized to announce that Col. B. W. ALEXANDER is a Candidate for the county of Mecklenburg as Senator, at the next election.

May 19, '62—t e d

Announcement.

We have been authorized to announce that A. J. HOOD, Esq., is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election, for Mecklenburg County.

June 9, 1862. 10*

SALT SALT.

Several hundred bushels of SALT expecting daily. For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 7, '62 tf

SUGAR, SUGAR.

75 75 75 75 75 75

Seventy-five hds. assorted quality SUGAR, on hand and for sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 7, 1862—tf

COFFEE, COFFEE.

Ten sacks Rio and Valparaiso COFFEE on hand and selling fast at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

June 7, 1862—tf

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

Miss F. Brown, who has the superintendence of our Millinery department, (and who has just arrived,) has brought with her a splendid assortment of French Artidenia and a large variety of Bonnet Ribbons, Straw Bonnets of Neopolitian Drab and Black Straw Bonnets, Ladies and Misses Hats, Blond Laces, Bonnet Materials of all shades, and plaid Silks, Rouches &c., &c.

Miss Brown will be happy to wait upon our customers and will endeavor to please all in giving the latest Paris and n'la Confederate fashions.

Many thanks for your past favors and patronage bestowed to us, and we hope to have the same continuance.

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

june 6'62 d1tc.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Opium, Morphine, Quinine, French Brandy, Old Port Wine and Castor Oil, (by the gallon,) Isinglass, Castile Soap, Sup. Carb Soda, (by the keg,) Calomel and Nitrate of Silver, (Lunar Caustic,) just received.

WANTED, 150 pounds Red Rose Leaves (perfectly dry) for which 50 cents a pound will be paid by

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.,
Charlotte, June 2—tf Druggist.

A. Tenn. & Ohio Railroad.

[redacted]

The passenger train, on and after Thursday, the 5th inst., will leave the head of the Road at 7.45 A. M. Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and connect at Charleston with the 2 o'clock train to Columbia. Passengers leaving Statesville in the morning will reach Columbia in the afternoon.

T. J. SUMNER,
June 2—1m Engineer.

CARSON HOUSE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

[illegible] will learn [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] Hotel, which has [illegible] and opened [illegible] day it is [illegible] condition, and is now prepared to accommodate transient or permanent boarders upon as liberal terms as the times will admit.

His larder is well supplied, and all other comforts, conveniences or necessities are in ample abundance, and he flatters himself that entire satisfaction will be given to all those who may favor him with their patronage.

His large experience is a sufficient guarantee of his qualifications as a host and caterer for the appetite of the public.

☞ An omnibus will always be found in waiting on the arrivals of the several trains to convey passengers to this House or elsewhere in the city.

WM. S. HOOPER.

June 2—tf